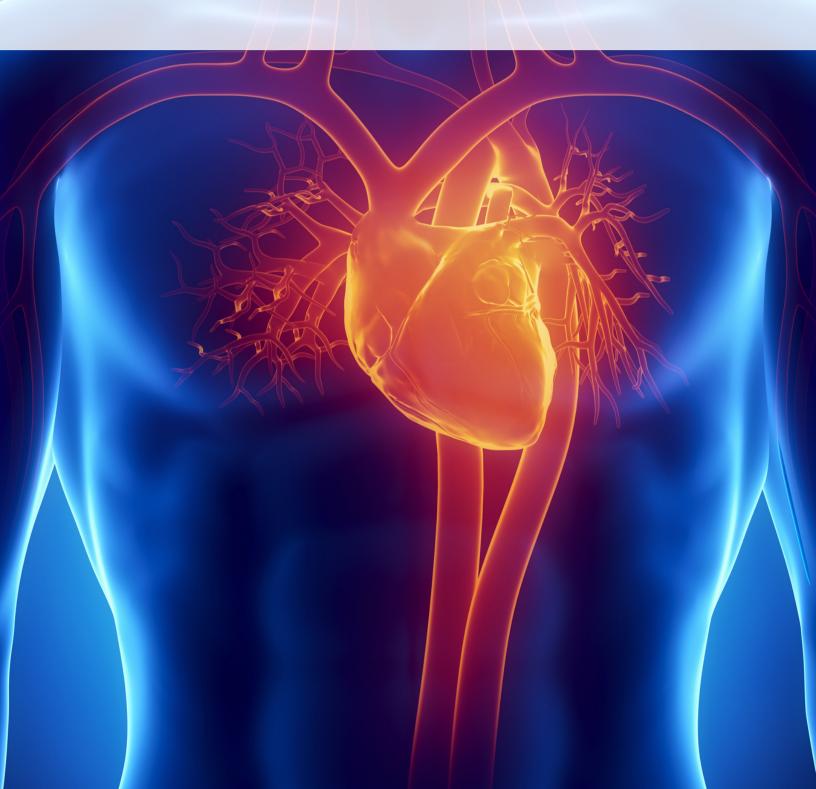
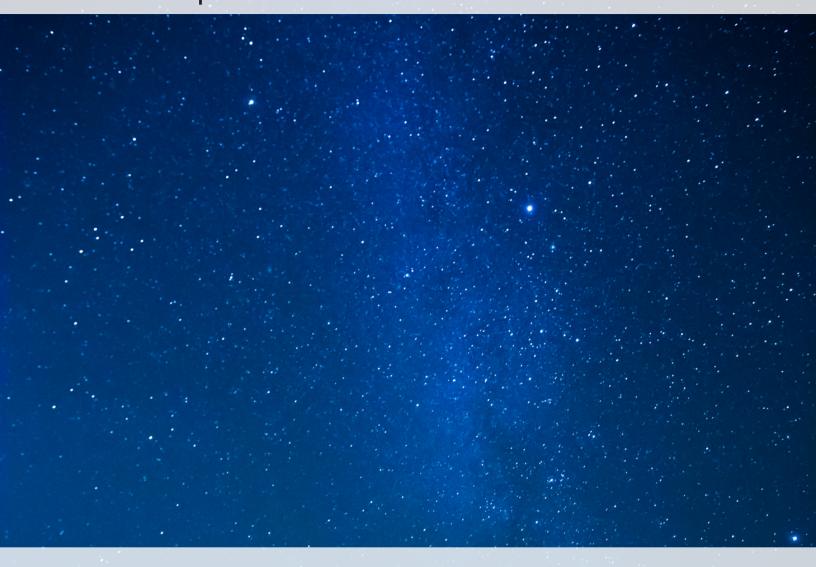
www.the41stwink.com the41stwink@gmail.com

Sleep and Cardiovascular Health



www.the41stwink.com the41stwink@gmail.com



Sleep is an essential time for the body to recuperate.

During the non-rapid eye movement (NREM) sleep stages, heart rate slows, blood pressure drops by around 10-20% (nocturnal dipping), and breathing stabilises. These changes reduce stress on the heart, allowing it to recover from strain that occurs during waking hours.

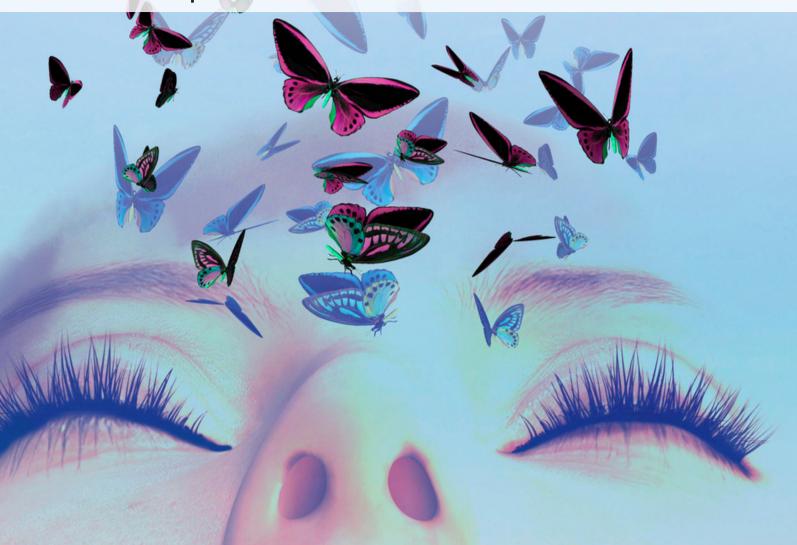
www.the41stwink.com the41stwink@gmail.com



Some evidence even indicates that improving sleep may reduce the likelihood of heart attacks or other cardiovascular problems in people who are otherwise at high risk.

Better Sleep For Life

www.the41stwink.com the41stwink@gmail.com



Without sufficient nightly sleep, a person doesn't spend enough time in the deep stages of NREM sleep that benefit the heart. The same problem can affect people whose sleep is frequently interrupted.

As a result, chronic sleep deprivation has been linked to numerous heart problems including high blood pressure, high cholesterol, heart attack, obesity, diabetes, and stroke.

www.the41stwink.com the41stwink@gmail.com



Research suggests that sleep deprivation heightens the risk of heart attacks. In one study, people sleeping less than six hours per night had a 20% higher chance of a heart attack.

Research has also found that sleep deprivation contributes to atherosclerosis, where plaque forms as a consequence of inflammation and collects in the arteries and cause them to harden.

Better Sleep For Life

www.the41stwink.com the41stwink@gmail.com



The impact of sleep deprivation on coronary heart disease is also believed to be influenced by sleep's effects on blood pressure.

The link between lack of sleep and high blood pressure is highest in middle-aged adults. People who work long hours in high-stress jobs and people with other risk factors for hypertension are more likely to have raised blood pressure after chronic poor sleep.

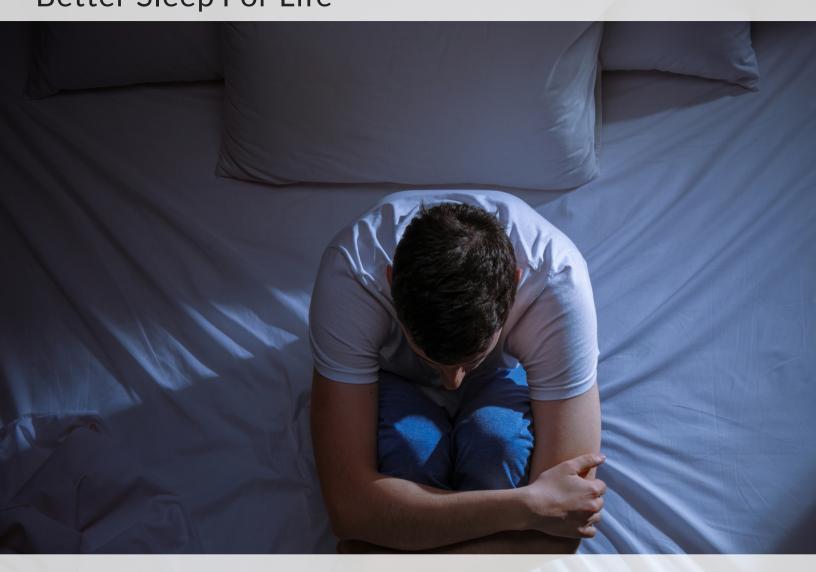
Better Sleep For Life

www.the41stwink.com the41stwink@gmail.com



An observational study of over 400,000 people found strong associations between sleeping problems and heart failure. In that study, people who slept less than seven hours per night had an elevated risk of heart failure.

www.the41stwink.com the41stwink@gmail.com



Heart failure was also more common in people who had other indicators of unhealthy sleep including insomnia symptoms, daytime sleepiness, snoring, and being an evening person.

The more of these signs of unhealthy sleep that one person had, the higher their likelihood of heart failure.